CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

APRIL 30, 2010

Prepared By: Scott Oney – Comptroller City of Granite City, Illinois

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Granite City, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Granite City, Illinois as of and for the year ended April 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Granite City, Illinois' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Granite City, Illinois, as of April 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2010 on our consideration of the City of Granite City, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis (pages 2 to 6), budgetary comparison information (pages 40 to 42) and schedules of funding progress and employer contributions (pages 43 to 44) are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Granite City, Illinois' basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of Granite City, Illinois. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Hughes + associates, CPA, P.C.

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

This section of the City of Granite City's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ended April 30, 2010. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City of Granite City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$39.2 million.
- The City's total net assets decreased by \$1.6 million during the current fiscal year.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Granite City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16.6 million. Approximately \$5.6 million is available for spending at the City's discretion.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$4.8 million or 21% of total general fund expenditures.
- In the City's business-type activities, revenues exceeded expenses and net assets increased by \$2.6 million.
- The City continued work on the Pontoon Road overpass project.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts: 1) management's discussion and analysis (this section), 2) the basic financial statements, 3) required supplementary information, and 4) an optional section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds and other information helpful in understanding the finances of the City of Granite City.

The first two statements in the report are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status. The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Granite City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-like activities). The governmental activities include general government, public safety and public works. The business-type activities are comprised of the wastewater treatment plant fund.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 7 and 8 of this report.

Fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. Types of funds include governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental fund statements tell how general government services like public safety were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. The City of Granite City maintains seven individual governmental funds; three are considered to be major funds: the general fund, the motor fuel tax fund and the TIF (tax increment financing) fund. Information on major funds is presented separately; data from the other four funds is combined and included in "Other Governmental Funds". Governmental fund statements can be found on pages 9 and 11 of this report. Individual data for the "total non-major governmental funds" is provided in the form of combining statements on pages 45 and 46 of this report.

Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities the City operates like businesses. For the City of Granite City, the wastewater treatment plant fund is the proprietary fund. The basic financial statements for this fund can be found on pages 13 to 15 of this report.

<u>CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS</u> <u>MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS</u> (Unaudited)

Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, such as the police and firemen pension funds. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's programs. The basic fiduciary fund statements can be found on pages 16 and 17 of this report.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net Assets

Over time, net assets may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At April 30, 2010, the City of Granite City's assets exceeded liabilities (net assets) by \$39.2 million.

Approximately 95% of the City of Granite City's net assets reflect its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, building, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt that is still outstanding. The City of Granite City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Granite City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City of Granite City's net assets represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

City of Granite City's Net Assets

		Governmental Activities				Business-Ty	/pe A	
Comment and Other Assista	ď	<u>2010</u>	Φ	<u>2009</u>	•	<u>2010</u>	4	<u>2009</u>
Current and Other Assets	\$	29,494,430	\$	29,173,011	\$	6,971,343	\$	5,531,441
Capital Assets		43,098,410		30,309,520		16,425,844		14,527,801
Total Assets		72,592,840		59,482,531		23,397,187		20,059,242
Other Liabilities		17,194,123		13,367,090		1,515,411		1,337,399
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding		33,581,849		20,130,211		4,469,984		3,891,239
Total Liabilities		50,775,972		33,497,301		5,985,395		5,228,638
Net Assets:								
Investing in Capital Assets, Net								
of Related Debt		26,282,389		19,226,147		11,642,029		8,463,168
Restricted		7,308,867		7,044,510		-		-
Unrestricted		(11,774,388)		(285,427)		5,769,763		6,367,436
Total Net Assets	\$	21,816,868	\$	25,985,230	\$	17,411,792	\$	14,830,604

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Granite City reported a negative balance in the governmental activities unrestricted net assets due to increased investment in capital assets and program costs in excess of revenues.

<u>CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS</u> MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Changes in Net Assets

Governmental activities decreased the City of Granite City's net assets by \$4,168,362. Revenues in the governmental activities were \$35,932,401 with the largest amounts coming from property taxes, \$8,710,453, sales and use taxes, \$4,335,988 and home rule sales tax \$2,718,820. Total expenditures in the governmental activities were \$39,609,469; with the largest percentage being spent on public safety \$17,544,556. The business-type activities had a increase in net assets of \$2,581,188. This represents expenditures under revenues in the wastewater treatment plant fund. Operating revenues increased by \$1,743,857 to \$7,361,113 with operating expenses decreasing by \$715,301 to \$5,621,583.

A breakdown of the governmental activities revenues is as follows:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Property Tax	\$ 8,710,453	\$ 8,309,720
Sales and Use Tax	4,335,988	3,767,704
Home Rule Sales Tax	2,718,820	2,603,475
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,567,178	2,373,467
Charges for Services	3,816,846	3,016,129
Replacement Tax	2,563,759	2,896,408
State Income Tax	2,552,397	2,756,540
Capital Grants and Contributions	6,623,459	5,791,428
Telecommunications Tax	887,406	884,772
Miscellaneous	436,828	498,355
Investment Earnings	258,008	318,005
Other State and Local Taxes	461,259	404,854
	\$ 35,932,401	\$ 33,620,857

The following is a breakdown of the governmental activities expenses:

<u>2010</u>		<u>2009</u>
\$ 7,321,210	\$	5,572,616
17,544,556		16,264,066
13,478,117		7,809,959
1,265,586		441,730
\$ 39,609,469	\$	30,088,371
\$	\$ 7,321,210 17,544,556 13,478,117 1,265,586	\$ 7,321,210 \$ 17,544,556 13,478,117 1,265,586

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Granite City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16,590,722, a decrease of \$2,126,868 in comparison with the prior year. The decrease is primarily due to the spending of funds borrowed by the City in the prior year and the current year of which \$4,223,033 was still available for expenditure at April 30, 2010. The City again spent a significant amount of money on the Pontoon Road overpass. These improvements are being reimbursed with monies from the State that is being deposited into the motor fuel tax fund. The City also expended significant for improvements to the fire and police station, the youth center and cinema. The downtown TIF bonds issue financed these expenditures.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Granite City. For the year ended April 30, 2010, the City's general fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$1,657,461. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance in the general fund was \$4,773,296, representing 21 percent of total general fund expenditures. This is less than the approximately 27 percent in the prior year.

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund spent approximately \$21,822,657 in fiscal year 2010 under the budgetary basis of accounting. This amount was less than the City's budgeted expenses of approximately \$22,841,614. In addition, current year receipts were approximately \$21,902,593, which was short of budgeted amounts by \$958,238. This resulted in a deficit of \$718,452 in the General Fund using the budgetary basis of accounting.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City of Granite City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of April 30, 2010 amounts to \$57,580,454 (net of related debt and accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets included land, buildings and system improvements, and machinery and equipment.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary
Bontoon Bond Overnoon	\$ 5,911,997	\$ -	<u>Government</u> \$ 5.911.997
Pontoon Road Overpass		Ф	
Police & Fire Building Renovations	779,674	_	779,674
Vehicles	50,687	100,266	150,953
Downtown Cinema	2,981,275	••	2,981,275
Youth Building	302,306	- ₩	302,306
K-9 Police Dogs	25,500	-	25,500
Mockingbird & Statford	102,297	-	102,297
Niedringhaus	195,577	-	195,577
Cleveland Avenue	1,220,710	-	1,220,710
Other Additions	33,253		33,253
North Granite Sewer System	-	129,243	129,243
Nameoki Area Sewer System		858,365	858,365
Sewer Main 84 & 108 Rivers Edge		375,891	375,891
Route 3 Sewer - Joy Avenue	_	145,688	145,688
Water Water Treatment Plant Engineering	-	199,785	199,785
Sewer System Upgrades	-	660,487	660,487
Water Water Treatment Plant Upgrades	***	92,024	92,024
	\$ 11,603,276	\$ 2,561,749	\$ 14,165,025

LONG-TERM DEBT

During the current fiscal year, the City entered into a third loan with IEPA to fund manhole and sewer projects. As of April 30, 2010, the outstanding draws on the new loan were \$1,030,264.

During the current fiscal year the TIF #4, the Route 3 Corridor TIF, issued \$3,640,000 of Local Government Revenue Bonds, which are payable from the incremental revenue of the Route 3 Corridor Tax Increment Financing District. The proceeds of the bond were used to finance redevelopment projects in the District. At April 30, 2010, \$3,148,820 was still available for expenditure in the district.

During the current fiscal year the TIF #4, the Route 3 Corridor TIF, issued \$3,805,000 of Local Government Revenue Bonds, which are payable from the incremental revenue of the Route 3 Corridor Tax Increment Financing District. The proceeds of the bond were used to finance redevelopment projects in the District.

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

During the current fiscal year the TIF #7, the Route 203 TIF, issued \$4,210,000 of Local Government Revenue Bonds, which are payable from the incremental revenue of the Route 203 Tax Increment Financing District. The proceeds of the bond are to be used to finance redevelopment projects in the District. At April 30, 2010, \$2,517,679 was still available for expenditure in the district.

Also, during the current fiscal year the city borrowed \$85,095 through lease purchase transactions to finance the acquisition of a Mack truck from Kansas State Bank. The balance of the loan was \$56,279 at April 30, 2010.

The City paid \$407,103 of principal on the sewer departments three IEPA loans during the year. The balance of the three loans was \$4,727,536 at April 30, 2010.

The City also paid down \$288,866 of principal on various smaller debt obligations. The balance in these obligations, including the current year additions, was \$1,014,507 at April 30, 2010.

The City's unfunded police and fire pension obligations increased \$3,218,772 during the year ended April 30, 2010.

In addition, the City's obligation for compensated employee absences decreased \$6,020 in the sewer funds and increased \$28,698 in the general funds.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Granite City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Comptroller's Office, 2000 Edison Avenue, Granite City, IL 62040.

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS APRIL 30, 2010

	Governmental Business-Type		
ASSETS	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	Ф <i>5 7</i> 70 770	f) 1 100 100	.
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 5,739,360	\$ 1,122,133	\$ 6,861,493
Restricted Investments	1,638,315	2,445,560	4,083,875
Investments	7,296,367	227.006	7,296,367
Receivables (Net of Allowance	80,000	227,096	307,096
for Uncollectibles)	14207 440	2 4 4 0 0 mm	
Internal Advances to Other Funds	14,305,442	3,110,970	17,416,412
	233,063	-	233,063
Prepaid Expenses and Deposits	201,883	65,584	267,467
Total Current Assets	29,494,430	6,971,343	36,465,773
Noncurrent Assets:			
Bond Issuance Cost and Discount (Net			7
of Accumulated Amortization)	414,184	**	414,184
General Real Estate Investment	1,529,616	-	1,529,616
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	41,154,610	16,425,844	57,580,454
Total Noncurrent Assets	43,098,410	16,425,844	59,524,254
Total Assets	72,592,840	23,397,187	95,990,027
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	5,162,983	812,315	5,975,298
Accrued Workman's Compensation	1,430,593	612,515	1,430,593
Accrued Vacation Leave	591,195	95,605	
Accrued Interest Payable	475,217	34,500	686,800 500.717
Due to Other Funds	159,103	73,960	509,717
Other Accrued Obligations	22,760	73,900	233,063
Deferred Gain on Sale	35,381	-	22,760
Deferred Real Estate Taxes	8,599,718	-	35,381
Bonds/Notes Payable - Current Portion	717,173	400.021	8,599,718
Total Current Liabilities	17,194,123	499,031	1,216,204
Noncurrent Liabilities:	17,194,123	1,515,411	18,709,534
Bonds/Notes Payable - Noncurrent Portion	20 602 472	4 20 4 70 4	0406#0#6
Accrued Sick Leave	20,682,472	4,284,784	24,967,256
Net Pension Obligation	2,261,067	185,200	2,446,267
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	10,638,310		10,638,310
Total Liabilities	33,581,849	4,469,984	38,051,833
Total Liabilities	50,775,972	5,985,395	56,761,367
NET ASSETS			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	26,282,389	11,642,029	37,924,418
Restricted for:			,,
Debt Service	3,073,334	-	3,073,334
Parks	12,500	-	12,500
Redevelopment	4,223,033	-	4,223,033
Unrestricted:	(11,774,388)	5,769,763	(6,004,625)
	(-1,1,1,00)		(0,007,023)
Total Net Assets	\$ 21,816,868	\$ 17,411,792	\$ 39,228,660

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2010

Operating Grants and
Contributions
121,259
968 163
1,477,756
2,567,178
2,567,178
Property Tax, Levied for General Purposes

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Net Assets - Ending

\$ 39,228,660

\$ 17,411,792

\$ 21,816,868

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS APRIL 30, 2010

	Ω	3 10112 30, 2010			
ASSETS	<u>General</u> <u>Fund</u>	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Tax Increment Financing Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
	r 1 000 051	PO 120 CC4	e 520.0 <i>cm</i>	A 160.550	Ф « то о осо
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,899,851	\$2,139,664	\$ 539,267	\$ 160,578	\$ 5,739,360
Restricted Investments	1.600.016	w.	7,296,367	-	7,296,367
Certificates of Deposit	1,638,315	-	W-	-	1,638,315
Investments	-	***	**	80,000	80,000
Receivables (Net of Allowances					
for Uncollectibles):					
Property Taxes	4,556,492	**-	4,043,226	-	8,599,718
Intergovernmental	3,160,636	1,106,027	331,136	49,893	4,647,692
Other	1,002,347	3,867	51,795	23	1,058,032
Due from Other Funds	219,819	-	2,760	10,484	233,063
Prepaid Expenses and Deposits	201,883	-	-	<u></u>	201,883
Rental Real Estate Investment		-	2,667,631	**	2,667,631
General Real Estate Investment	_	_	1,529,616		1,529,616
Total Assets	13,679,343	3,249,558	16,461,798	300,978	33,691,677
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	1,208,545	2,500,172	1,451,232	3,034	5,162,983
Accrued Employee Obligations	1,430,593	un.	w	,	1,430,593
Due to Other Funds	-		15,240	143,863	159,103
Other Accrued Obligations	20,000	-	2,760	· <u>-</u>	22,760
Deferred Gain on Sale		_	35,381	<u> </u>	35,381
Deferred Revenue	6,246,909	_	4,043,226	_	10,290,135
Total Liabilities	8,906,047	2,500,172	5,547,839	146,897	17,100,955
		•			
Fund Equity:					
Restricted for:					
Redevelopment	•	-	4,223,033	-	4,223,033
Parks	12,500	-	-	-	12,500
Debt Service	189	· -	3,073,334	-	3,073,334
Unreserved:					
Undesignated	4,760,796	-	-	-	4,760,796
Designated for Redevelopment	•	-	3,617,592	-	3,617,592
Unreserved, Reported in:					
Special Revenue Funds	-	749,386	44-	175,358	924,744
Capital Projects Funds		**	_	(21,277)	(21,277)
Total Fund Equity	4,773,296	749,386	10,913,959	154,081	16,590,722
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$ 13,679,343	\$3,249,558	\$ 16,461,798	\$ 300,978	\$ 33,691,677

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2010

Amounts reported for governmental fund balances are different because:

Fund Balances - total governmental funds	\$ 16,590,722
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported on the balance sheet of the governmental fuinds.	41,154,610
Bond issuance costs and similar items and the corresponding accumulated amortization are not reported on the balance sheet of governmental funds.	414,184
Rental Real Estate Investments are recorded as capital assets and depreciated and not maintained as investment real estate.	(2,667,631)
The amount of compensated absences is not recorded as a liability on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	(2,852,262)
Long-term debt (e.g., bonds, notes payable, capital leases) is not reported as a liability on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	(21,399,645)
Net pension obligations are not reported as a liability on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	(10,638,310)
Accrued interest payable on the long-term debt is not reported as a liability on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	(475,217)
The governmental funds report deferred revenue when reported assets are not available to pay current liabilities. The statement of activities eliminates deferred revenue related to state and local sales taxes.	1,690,417
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 21,816,868

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES. EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2010

	<u>General</u>	<u>Motor</u> Fuel Tax	Tax Increment Financing	<u>Total</u> <u>Non-Major</u> <u>Governmental</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>Governme</u> ntal
	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:					
Property Taxes	\$ 5,053,570	\$ -	\$ 3,656,883	\$	\$ 8,710,453
Intergovernmental:					
Home Rule Sales Tax	2,683,128	-	-	-	2,683,128
Sales and Use Tax	3,522,276	-	788,850	-	4,311,126
Replacement Tax	2,563,759	-	-	-	2,563,759
State Income Tax	1,853,144	-	-	-	1,853,144
Motor Fuel Tax	-	789,946	-	-	789,946
Telecommunications Tax	893,811	-	-	-	893,811
Grants	967,180	6,623,459	-	810,052	8,400,691
Other	143,592	-	-	-	143,592
Other Local Taxes	317,667	м	•••	***	317,667
Licenses and Permits	590,279	•••	•		590,279
Charges for Services	3,039,508	***	-		3,039,508
Fines and Forfeits	163,660	pa-		23,399	187,059
Investment Earnings	198,816	19,679	39,021	492	258,008
Miscellaneous	203,882	-	231,034	3,782	438,698
Total Revenues	22,194,272	7,433,084	4,715,788	837,725	35,180,869
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General Government	4,631,313	-	2,500,786	-	7,132,099
Public Safety	13,419,024	-	-	488,598	13,907,622
Public Works	5,082,944	622,962	-	276,284	5,982,190
Debt Service:					3,502,150
Bond Issuance Cost	PM	-	311,951	-	311,951
Bond Administration Costs	-	-	7,300	-	7,300
Principal	-	-	530,000	288,866	818,866
Interest	-	_	1,014,802	35,878	1,050,680
Capital Outlay	-	6,454,285	12,459,878		18,914,163
Total Expenditures	23,133,281	7,077,247	16,824,717	1,089,626	48,124,871
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(939,009)	355,837	(12,108,929)	(251,901)	(12,944,002)
					(12,7 (1,002)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds From Borrowings	-	_	11,655,000		11,655,000
Bond Discount	-	-	(346,572)		(346,572)
Operating Transfers In (Out)	(718,452)	-	(97,586)	324,744	(491,294)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(718,452)	46	11,210,842	324,744	10,817,134
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other			-		
Financing Uses	(1,657,461)	355,837	(898,087)	72,843	(2,126,868)
Fund Balance - Beginning	6,430,757	393,549	11,812,046	81,238	18,717,590
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 4,773,296	\$ 749,386	\$ 10,913,959	\$ 154,081	\$ 16,590,722
					_

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2010

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

lifferent because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(2,126,868)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets for which funds were expended this year.		11,603,276
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore depreciation expense is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.		(756,316)
The amount of compensated absences is not recorded as expense in the fund financial statements. In the statement of activities, these amounts are included and recorded currently in the various functional expense categories. This amount is the difference between beginning and ending compensated absences balance that has been included in the statement of activities.		(28,697)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transactions, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt.		(10,223,426)
Interest accrued but not paid is not recorded as an expense until paid. This is the change in accrued interest payable between years.		(169,091)
Net pension obligations are reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets, but do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, net pension obligations are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the change in the net pension obligation between years.		(0.010 gmo)
Capital assets disposed of during the year are reported on the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net asets, but their disposal does not required the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the cost of the item disposed of is not reported in the governmental funds.		(3,218,772)
The governmental funds report deferred revenue when reported assets are not available to pay current liabilities. The statement of activities eliminates deferred revenue related to state and local sales taxes. This is the difference of deferred revenue for the sales and use tax from the beginning and end of the year.		753,402
ange in net assets of governmental activities	\$	(4,168,362)
-	Ψ	(, , , , , , , , , , , , ,)

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES APRIL 30, 2010

		Business Type Activities
		Enterprise Funds Waterwater
Current Assets:	ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents		_
Certificates of Deposit		\$ 1,122,133
Investments		2,445,560
Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowance		227,096
for Uncollectibles)		0.100.000
Grant Receivable		2,188,293
Interest Receivable		915,819
Prepaid Expenses		6,858
Total Current Assets		65,584
		6,971,343
Noncurrent Assets:		
Capital Assets:		
Construction in Process		2,468,777
Building and Improvements		1,728,589
Treatment Facility and Lines		31,470,844
Equipment		1,866,277
Vehicles		1,260,071
Total		38,794,558
Less Accumulated Depreciation Net Capital Assets		(22,368,714)
Net Capital Assets		16,425,844
Total Assets		23,397,187
	LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable		812,315
Accrued Vacation Leave		95,605
Due to Other Funds		73,960
Accrued Interest		34,500
Notes Payable		499,031
Total Current Liabilities		1,515,411
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Accrued Sick Leave		10 * 400
Notes Payable		185,200
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		4,284,784
		4,469,984
Total Liabilities		5,985,395
	NET ASSETS	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of		
Related Debt		11,642,029
Unrestricted	•	5,769,763
Total Net Assets		\$ 17,411,792

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2010

	Business Type Activities
	Enterprise Fund
	Waterwater
Operating Revenues:	D
Charges for Services	\$ 7,361,113
Total Operating Revenues	7,361,113
Operating Expenses:	
Personal Services	2,589,405
Industrial Pretreatment	86,061
Billings and Collection	156,084
Sewer Collection	611,280
Solids Handling	620,587
BOD Treatment	295,865
Primary Treatment	32,232
General and Administration	201,674
Dry Weather Pumping	195,231
Wet Weather Pumping	124,342
Other	45,116
Depreciation	663,706
Total Operating Expenses	5,621,583
Operating Income (Loss)	1,739,530
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	
Investment Earnings	35,111
Grant Income	424,525
Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges	(109,272)
Operating Transfers From (To) other Funds	491,294
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	841,658
((11,000
Change in Net Assets	2,581,188
Net Assets - Beginning	14,830,604
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 17,411,792

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2010

	<u>B</u> 1	usiness Type Activities
Colle Manua El ann Ou ann d'an Anni d'inn		terprise Fund Waterwater
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash Received from Users and Contributors	¢.	5 007 447
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services	\$	5,806,447
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(2,289,707)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities		(2,595,425) 921,315
Net Cash Hovided by Operating Activities		921,313
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:		
Transfers to/from Other Funds		491,294
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(2,561,749)
Proceeds from Borrowings		1,115,359
Principal Paid on Borrowings		(435,919)
Interest Paid on Borrowings		(100,374)
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	***************************************	(1,982,683)
100 Cush (Cood) of Cupital and Notice I manoning Notivities		(1,502,005)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Proceeds From Sale of Investments		868,856
Investment Earnings		39,351
Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities		908,207
Net Increase In Cash and Equivalents		338,133
Cash and Equivalents - Beginning		784,000
Cash and Equivalents - Ending	\$	1,122,133
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	1,739,530
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net	4	19,009,000
Cash Provided By Operating Activities:		
Depreciation		663,706
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		1,749
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		.,
(Increase) in Accounts Receivable		(1,065,121)
(Increase) in Grant Receivable		(491,294)
(Increase) in Prepaid Expenses		4,326
Increase in Accounts Payable		74,439
Increase in Other Liabilities		(6,020)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	921,315

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION TRUST FUNDS APRIL 30, 2010

ASSETS

Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments and Certificates of Deposit		\$ 1,272,824 29,278,046
Receivables: Property Taxes		787,903
Accrued Interest		129,488
Total Assets		31,468,261
	LIABILITIES	
Liabilities Total Liabilities		50 50
	NET ASSETS	
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits and Othe	er Purposes	\$31,468,211

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION TRUST FUNDS APRIL 30, 2010

Additions:		
Contributions:		
Employee Contributions	\$	667,723
Employer Contributions:		Ť
Property Taxes		779,796
Replacement Taxes		714,876
Total Contributions		2,162,395
Investment Income:		
Interest and Dividends		742,347
Net Realized/Unrealized Gain(Loss) on Investments		4,281,641
		5,023,988
Less: Investment Expense		(100,398)
Total Investment Income	·	4,923,590
Total Additions		7,085,985
Deductions:		
Benefit Payments		4,348,332
Contractual Services		58,469
Total Deductions	***************************************	4,406,801
Change in Net Assets		2,679,184
Net Assets - Beginning		28,789,027
Net Assets - Ending	\$	31,468,211

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Granite City, Illinois (the City) was incorporated March 9, 1896 under the provisions of "an act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages". The City is a Home Rule Unit under the provision of Article 7 of the Illinois Constitution of 1970. The City operates under the aldermanic-city form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public improvements, planning and zoning, wastewater treatment and general administrative services.

The financial statements of the City of Granite City (government) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City's financial statements include the accounts of all City operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- The organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- The City holds the corporate powers of the organization
- The City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- The City is able to impose its will on the organization
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City
- There is fiscal dependency by the organization on the City

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the City has no component units.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized, when applicable, as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund accounts for the taxes and reimbursements received and amounts paid related to motor fuel tax expenses.

The Tax Increment Financing Fund accounts for incremental taxes and other revenues as well as all expenses related to improvements and promotional costs related to the tax increment financing areas.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Wastewater Treatment Plant and Sewer Systems Enterprise Funds account for all activities related to the billing, administration, and distribution and collection processes of the wastewater treatment plant. The City operates the sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund type:

The Pension Trust Funds account for the activities of the police and firemens' pension funds, which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified public safety employees.

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are reimbursements between funds for direct costs applicable to the other fund. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contribution, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap on fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less. Short-term cash surpluses are generally maintained in sweep accounts in the individual funds.

The City is authorized by state statute to invest in obligations of the United States of America, insured interest bearing accounts of banks, savings and loan association or credit unions, certain short-term obligations of corporations organized in the United States, money market mutual funds that invest in obligations of the United State of America or its agencies or are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, the Illinois Funds and repurchase agreements of government securities. The Pension Trust Funds are also allowed to invest limited percentages of their monies in mutual funds and equity securities.

Fixed-income securities are recorded in all funds at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned. Gains or losses on sales and exchanges of fixed-income securities are recognized on the transaction date.

Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal advances to other funds."

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

All intergovernmental and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. All accounts receivable related to the enterprise fund are shown at net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts based on managements estimate of collectibility.

Unbilled sewer utility receivables related to the business-type activities are recorded at year-end. They are determined by taking cycle billings subsequent to April 30 and prorating the applicable number of days to the current fiscal year.

The City levied its property taxes in December 2009, based upon the expected assessed valuation as of the January 1, 2010. Property taxes are due in four installments in the following year, and are considered delinquent after the due dates. Property taxes for 2009 become an enforceable lien in January 2010. The County has not mailed tax bills as of April 30, 2010 and past mailing practices of the County have generally been subsequent to April 30 of each year. The City receives significant distributions of tax receipts beginning in late June or early July of each year.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Investment in Real Estate

Through the use of tax increment financing, the City has purchased several parcels of land to be held for resale to developers or individuals in an effort to create future economic growth within the tax increment financing areas of the City.

In addition, the City has certain parcels of improved and unimproved real estate, which are rented to businesses within the tax increment financing areas.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, buildings, equipment and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental-type or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost and estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects when constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 75
Treatment Facility	20 - 50
Equipment	5 - 18
Vehicles	5 - 10

Amortization

Bond issuance cost are capitalized and amortized over the life of the bond.

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Compensated Absences

Under terms of the various City ordinances and negotiated contracts, City employees are granted vacation based on continuous employment service. Employee vacations vest as of their anniversary date. Employees are entitled to sick leave based on completed months of service. The City's policies and negotiated contract provisions regarding sick leave permit employees to accumulate a maximum accumulation of sick leave, usually ninety days. The City cancels accumulated sick leave on the date of employee termination except in the case of qualified retirement or employee death wherein 50% of the accumulated sick leave is paid.

At April 30, 2010, the City estimated that the accumulated liability for unused vacation and sick leave for governmental fund employees totaled \$591,195 and \$2,261,067, respectively. Amounts reflected in the financial statements at April 30, 2010 for enterprise fund employees related to unused vacation and sick leave benefits totaled \$95,605 and \$185,200, respectively.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. The City's policy is to first apply restricted resources and then unrestricted resources as expenses are incurred.

The following are descriptions and amounts of all reserves and designations recorded by the City in the fund financial statements:

Governmental Funds

Restricted for Debt Service	\$ 3,073,334
Restricted for Redevelopment	4,223,033
Restricted for Parks	12,500

Fiduciary Funds

Reserved for Employees' Pension Benefits \$ 31,468,211

E. Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported revenues and expenditures. Actual results could vary from estimates that were used.

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Advertising

Advertising costs of the City are expensed as incurred.

NOTE 2. BUDGETARY AND LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Each year the City Comptroller submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund for the fiscal year commencing May 1. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The budgets are legally enacted by ordinance after public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. Annual budgets for Special Revenue Funds are not formally adopted by ordinance at the beginning of the fiscal year, but are approved throughout the fiscal year by formal resolution of the City Council or by City Council approval for the payment of expenditures. Operations in these funds are controlled by project budgets.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to July 31, the City Comptroller submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund for the Fiscal year commencing May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to August 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- The City Comptroller is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and the Capital Projects Fund. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for the Debt Service Fund because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through general obligation bond indenture provisions.
- Budgets for all funds are adopted on the cash basis. For financial statement presentation, budgeted amounts are also presented on the cash basis.

The major differences between the budgetary and GAAP basis of accounting are:

- Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when they are measurable and available (GAAP).
- Expenditures are recorded when paid or when a liability has been incurred which has been budgeted to be paid with expendable financial resources (budgetary), as opposed to when the obligation is incurred (GAAP).

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

General Government and Business-Like Activities

At April 30, 2010, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$10,945,368 and the bank balance was \$11,467,226. The deposits were comprised of checking, interest checking, savings, money market and certificates of deposit.

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City requires that all deposits be fully covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized with investments held by the financial institution in the City's name.

As of April 30, 2010 the City had the following investments:

	Weighted Average			
Investment	Maturity (Years)	Cost	Fa	air Value
The Illinois Funds (external investment pool)	0.04	\$ 27,096	\$	27,096
Federal National Mortgage Association	3.12	200,000		200,000
Repurchase Agreements	-	80,000		80,000
UMB Money Market	-	7,296,367	•	7,296,367
Total Investments		\$ 7,603,463	,	7,603,463
Deposits as Reported Above] (0,945,368
Total Deposits and Investments			\$13	8,548,831
As Reported in the Statement of Net Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents			\$ 6	6,861,493
Certificates of Deposit			2	4,083,875
Restricted Investments				7,296,367
Investments				307,096
			\$18	8,548,831

Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy limits investment maturities in order to maintain sufficient liquidity to reflect the cash flow needs of the fund type being invested. The policy also requires diversification of the investment portfolio via length of maturity as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

As of April 30, 2010, the credit rating of the City's investment was as follows:

<u>Investment</u>	Standard & Poor's Rating	Moody's Investors Service Rating
The Illinois Funds (external investment pool)	AAAm	<u></u>
Federal National Mortgage Association	AAA	Aaa

Concentration of Credit Risk

As of April 30, 2010, the City did not have a concentration of credit risk.

Foreign Currency Risk

As of April 30, 2010, the City did not have foreign currency risk.

Fire Pension Fund

At April 30, 2010, the carrying amount of the Fire Pension Fund's deposits was \$520,203 and the bank balance was \$524,366. The deposits were comprised of interest checking, money market and certificates of deposit.

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Fire Pension's deposits may not be returned to it. The Fire Pension requires that all deposits be fully covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized with investments held by the financial institution in the Fire Pension Fund's name.

As of April 30, 2010, the City's Fire Pension Fund had the following investments:

	Weighted Average		
<u>Investment</u>	Maturity (Years)	Cost	Fair Value
Federal Home Loan Bank	4.03	\$ 2,172,054	\$ 2,189,177
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	5.65	455,402	457,217
Federal National Mortgage Association	6.18	1,056,956	1,063,357
Governmental National Mortgage Association	18.37	1,605,462	1,662,653
U.S. V.A. REMIC	18.51	91,647	92,530
U.S. Treasury Notes	4.91	1,325,164	1,335,408
Federal Farm Credit Bank	5.66	697,259	709,314
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation	6.04	252,085	255,633
Money Market Mutual Funds		223,361	223,361
Common Stock	***	5,632,036	6,367,059
Mutual Funds		1,578,611	1,338,345
Total Investments		\$15,090,037	15,694,054
Deposits as Reported Above			520,203
Total Deposits and Investments			\$16,214,257
As Reported in the Combining Statement of Fiducia	ary Net Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents			\$ 743,563
Investments and Certificates of Deposit			15,470,694
			\$16,214,257

Interest Rate Risk

The Fire Pension Fund's investment policy limits investment maturities in order to maintain sufficient liquidity to reflect the cash flow needs of the fund type being invested. The policy also requires diversification of the investment portfolio via length of maturity as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

As of April 30, 2010, the Fire Pension Fund's investments credit ratings were as follows:

Investment	Poor's Rating	Service Rating
Federal Home Loan Bank	AAA	Aaa
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	AAA	Not Available
Federal National Mortgage Association	AAA	Aaa
Government National Mortgage Association	Not Available	Not Available
U.S.V.A. REMIC	Not Available	Not Available
U.S. Treasury Notes	AAA	Not Available
Federal Farm Credit Bank	AAA	Aaa
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation	AAA .	Not Available

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

As of April 30, 2010, the Fire Pension Fund's investments are concentrated as follows:

Investment	Percentage
Government National Mortage Association	10.25%
Federal Home Loan Bank	13.50%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	4.37%
FederalNational Mortgage Association	6.56%
U.S. V.A. REMIC	0.57%
U.S. Treasury Notes	8.24%
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation	1.58%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	2.82%

Foreign Currency Risk

As of April 30, 2010, the Fire Pension Fund did not have foreign currency risk.

Police Pension Fund

At April 30, 2010, the carrying amount of the Police Pension Fund's deposits was \$731,371 and the bank balance was \$731,451. The deposits were comprised of interest checking, money market and certificates of deposit.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Police Pension Fund's deposits may not be returned to it. The Police Pension Fund requires that all deposits be fully covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized with investments held by the financial institution in the Police Pension Fund's name.

As of April 30, 2010, the Police Pension Fund had the following investments:

	Weighted Average			
Investment	Maturity (Years)	<u>Cost</u>	F	<u>air Value</u>
U.S. Treasury Inflation Index Note	7.72	\$ 307,314	\$	324,774
U.S. Treasury Strip	3.80	486,623		348,399
U.S. Treasury Bond	6.05	726,500		999,125
Federal National Mortgage Association	9.17	543,633		534,903
Federal Home Loan Bank	9.70	1,103,514		1,230,920
Federal Farm Credit Bank	6.66	515,260		537,621
Government National Mortgage Association	20.70	2,382,514		1,815,134
Cook Cnty, IL School Dist #155 - Municipal Bond	0.59	204,855		282,409
Tennessee Valley Authority	2.88	265,250		280,029
Naperville IL Munie Bond	5.59	299,523		300,228
Schwab US Treasury Money Market		663,691		663,691
Mutual Funds	uu sa	 5,334,159		6,288,009
Total Investments		\$ 12,832,836	1	3,605,242
Deposits as Reported Above				731,371
Total Deposits and Investments			\$ 1	4,336,613
As Reported in the Combining Statement of Fiduciary	Net Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents			\$	529,261
Investments			1	3,807,352
			\$ 1	4,336,613

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

The Police Pension Fund's investment policy limits investment maturities in order to maintain sufficient liquidity to reflect the cash flow needs of the fund type being invested. The policy also requires diversification of the investment portfolio via length of maturity as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

As of April 30, 2010, the Police Pension Fund's investments credit ratings were as follows:

	Standard &	Moody's Investors
Investment	Poor's Rating	Service Rating
Naperville IL Muni Bond	AAA	Aaa
Cook County, IL School District #155 - Municipal Bond	NOT 144-	Aa3
Tennesse Valley Authority	AAA	Aaa
Federal National Mortgage Association	AAA/A	Aaa/Aa2
Federal Home Loan Bank	AAA	Aaa
Federal Farm Credit Bank	AAA	Aaa
Governmental National Mortgage Association	Not Available	Not Available

Concentration of Credit Risk

As of April 30, 2010, the Police Pension Fund's investments are concentrated as follows:

Investment	Percentage
Government National Mortgage Association	12.66%
U.S. Treasury Strips	2.43%
Federal Home Loan Bank	8.59%
U.S. Treasury Bonds	6.97%
U.S. Treasury Notes	2.27%
Federal National Mortgage Association	3.73%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	3.75%
Tennessee Valley Authority	1.95%
Cook County, IL School District #155 - Municipal Bond	1.97%
Naperville IL Muni Bond	2.09%

Foreign Currency Risk

As of April 30, 2010, the Police Pension Fund did not have foreign currency risk.

NOTE 4. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City began a self-insured workers' compensation program in 2001 by which the City pays claims from general revenues up to a certain amount at which point the City carries excess coverage. The liability for claims experienced as of April 30, 2010 that are to be paid in the subsequent year is \$1,430,593 and is included in accrued employee obligations.

The City is also exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage's in the past three years.

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of April 30, 2010 for the City, as reported in the statement of net assets, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

Receivables:	
Sewer User Fees	\$ 2,498,666
Ambulance Fees	1,365,092
Real Estate Taxes	8,599,718
Intergovernmental	4,647,692
Other	 1,095,296
Total Receivables	 18,206,464
Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	 (790,052)
Net Total Receivables	\$ 17,416,412

Real estate taxes of \$8,599,718 were not available for collection and payment of current liabilities at April 30, 2010 and are reported as deferred revenues. The governmental financial statements reported an additional \$1,690,417 of intergovernmental revenue as deferred income at April 30, 2010.

NOTE 6. RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Description

The City's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City's employer plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

Funding Policy

As set by statue, the City's employer regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer rate for calendar year 2009 was 7.54 percent of annual covered payroll. The City also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year ending December 31, 2010, the City's annual pension cost of \$443,218 for the Regular plan was equal to the City's required and actual contributions.

Three-Year Trend Information for the Regular Plan

		<u>Annual</u>	Percentage of		
Fiscal Year	Pe	nsion Cost	APC	N	let Pension
Ending		(APC)	Contributed		Obligation
12/31/09	\$	443,218	100%	\$	-
12/31/08		491,977	100%		-
12/31/07		423,432	100%		-

NOTE 6. RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

The required contribution for 2009 was determined as part of the December 31, 2007, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions as December 31, 2006, 8included (a) 7.5 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative and direct investment expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4.00% a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increase ranging from 0.4% to 10% per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) post retirement benefit increases of 3% annually. The actuarial value of your employer Regular plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 15% corridor between the actuarial and market value of assets. The City's regular plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2007, was 23 years.

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of December 31, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the regular plan was 78.84 percent funded. The actuarial liability for benefits was \$17,442,056 and the actuarial value of assets was \$13,751,316, resulting in an underfunded actuarial liability (UAAL) of \$3,690,740. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$5,878,221 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 63 percent. In conjunction with the December 2009 actuarial valuation the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20% corridor between the actuarial and market value of assets. In 2010, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized on a level percentage of projected payroll on an open 30 year basis.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets in increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

2. Police and Firemen Pension

a. Plan Description and Contributions Information

The Police Pension Plan covers police sworn personnel, which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contributions levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (Chapter 40, Act 5, Article 3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature.

The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund. The City's payroll for employees covered by the Police Pension Plan for the year ended April 30, 2010 was \$3,712,641 out of a total payroll of \$14,672,218.

At April 30, 2010, the Police Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to	
benefits but not yet receiving them	60
Current employees:	
Vested	33
Nonvested	24
Total	117

NOTE 6. RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly retirement benefit of one-half of the monthly salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The monthly pension shall be increased by one-twelfth of 2.5% of such salary for each additional month of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such monthly salary. Employees with at least 8 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced retirement benefit.

The monthly pension of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% annually thereafter.

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. By the year 2033, the City's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Police Pension Plan is fully funded.

Fire-sworn the Firemen's Pension Plan covers personnel, which is defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contributions levels are mandated by Illinois Compiled Statutes (Chapter 40, Act 5, Article 4) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature

The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund. The City's payroll for employees covered by the Firemen's Pension Plan for the year ended April 30, 2010 was \$3,789,009 out of total payroll of \$14,672,218.

At April 30, 2010, the Firemen's Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to	
benefits but not yet receiving them	61
Current Employees:	
Vested	27
Nonvested	32
Total	120

The following is a summary of the Firefighters' Pension Plan as provided for in the Illinois Compiled Statues:

The Firemen's Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly retirement benefit of one-half of the monthly salary attached to the rank held in the fire service at the date of retirement. The monthly pension shall be increased by one-twelfth of 2.5% of such monthly salary for each additional month over 20 years of service up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such monthly salary. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced retirement benefit.

NOTE 6. RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

The monthly pension of a firefighter who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% annually thereafter.

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.455% of their base salary to the Firemen's Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts (not less than 8.045%) necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. By the year 2033, the City's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Firemen's Pension Plan is fully funded.

b. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed.

Method Used to Value Investments

Fixed-income and equity securities are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned. Gains and losses on sales and exchanges of fixed-income securities are recognized on the transaction date.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation for the current year were as follows:

	Police <u>Pension</u>	Firemen's <u>Pension</u>
Annual Required Contribution	\$ 1,907,247	\$ 2,249,466
Interest on Net Pension Obligation	260,127	259,240
Annual Pension Cost	2,167,374	2,508,706
Contributions Made	622,383	834,925
Increase in Net Pension Obligation	1,544,991	1,673,781
Net Pension Obligation Beginning of Year	3,716,105	3,703,433
Net Pension Obligation End of Year	\$ 5,261,096	\$ 5,377,214

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the April 30, 2009 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.0% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and (b) projected salary increases of 5.5% per year. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.0%. The actuarial value of assets was determined using market values. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at April 30, 2009 was, 24.1699 years.

NOTE 6. RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Three-Year Trend Information

	Fiscal Year <u>Ending</u>	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage Of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
Police Pension	04/30/10 04/30/09	\$ 2,167,374 1,794,658	28.72% 39.14%	\$ 5,261,096 3,716,105
	04/30/08	1,397,252	42.07%	2,623,958
Fire Pension	04/30/09	2,508,706	33.28%	5,377,214
	04/30/09	2,095,326	47.31%	3,703,433
	04/30/08	1,589,692	55.07%	2,599,454

d. Concentration

The City has a concentration of 5% or more investments in the following organizations:

Police Pension:

Oakmark Fund	\$	996,035
Longleaf Partners		1,020,273
American Fd Growth Fund of America	-	746,060
Primecap Odessey Growth Fund		761,484
Federal Home Loan Bank		1,230,919
U.S. Treasury Bonds		999,125
Government National Mortgage Association		1,815,125
Fire Pension:		
UMB Large Cap Common Stock		6,367,064
UMB Equity Funds Small Cap		1,338,346
Federal National Mortgage Association		1,063,357
Government National Mortgage Association		1,662,655
Federal Home Loan Bank		2,189,176
U.S. Treasury Notes		1,335,406

e. Legally Required Reserves

The City has the following legally required reserves:

Police Pension	\$ 14,694,553
Firemen Pension	16,773,658

NOTE 7. WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT ENTERPRISE FUND

Regionalizaton of Wastewater Treatment Plant

Pursuant to an intergovernmental cooperation agreement originally agreed to in April 1984 between the City; the Metro East Sanitary District; Madison County, Illinois; and the Village of Glen Carbon, Illinois, the Wastewater Treatment Plant began to accept and treat wastewater from the Lansdown Service Area of the Metro East Sanitary District, Madison County Special Service Area No. 1, and from the Village of Glen Carbon, Illinois. The participants have agreed to purchase wastewater treatment services from the City at rates and charges established by the Granite City Regional Treatment Board. The rates and charges are intended to allocate the cost of services provided to each participant based on percentage of flow and wastewater content, which will reduce the City's operation cost burden. Total revenue earned by the Wastewater Treatment Plant Enterprise Fund from the three regional participants for the year ended April 30, 2010 was \$2,372,090.

NOTE 8. TRANSFERS

Transfers are substantially for the purposes of subsidizing operating functions, funding capital projects and asset acquisitions, or maintaining debt service on a routine basis. Resources are accumulated in a fund to support and simplify the administration of various projects or programs.

NOTE 9. LINE ITEM EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF BUDGET

During the year ended April 30, 2010, the City's expenditures exceeded budgetary guidelines in several departmental and line item categories as indicated on the required supplementary schedules at pages 40 to 42.

NOTE 10. TAX INCREMENT FINANCING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

On July 1, 1986, the City adopted and approved a Tax Increment Redevelopment Plan and Project and ordinances adopting Tax Increment Financing, aimed at financing, through incremental property and sales taxes, the public improvements of a plan to revitalize and develop a designated Redevelopment Project area in the City's Downtown Central Business District. On September 23, 1997, the City adopted and approved an Industrial Park Conservation Area Redevelopment Plan that also will use Tax Increment Financing to develop the project area along Route 3 as an industrial park. Four additional TIF Districts have also been formed that allows the incremental taxes to be returned to the business that generates the increment as a reimbursement for capital outlay until expiration of the TIF or a predetermined minimum dollar amount is reimbursed by the City.

In May of 2005, the Nameoki Village Tax Increment Financing District of the City issued a TIF Revenue Note, Series 2005 for \$700,000 and two Consumer Tax Revenue Notes, Series 2005 (Phase 1 for \$1,400,000 and Phase 2 for \$3,400,000). These notes were issued for the purpose of paying a portion of the costs of redevelopment projects in the Nameoki TIF and Business Districts. A portion, \$1,280,000, of the Consumer Tax Revenue Notes was retired by \$1,635,000 in Special Business District Sales Tax Revenue Bonds issued by the Southwestern Illinois Development Authority.

The TIF Revenue Note, Consumer Tax Revenue Notes and the Special Business District Sales Tax Revenue Bonds are payable solely from the incremental taxes or from other taxes generated by the development and are not an obligation of the City.

NOTE 11. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2010 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	<u>Ending</u> <u>Balance</u>
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, not being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 8,932,047	\$ 281,087	\$ (1,870)	\$ 9,211,264
Construction in Process	12,824,576	11,225,623	=	24,050,199
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	21,756,623	11,506,710	(1,870)	33,261,463
Capital Assets, being Depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	8,129,307		***	8,129,307
Equipment	6,094,629	45,879		6,140,508
Vehicles	4,629,261	50,687	(71,828)	4,608,120
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	18,853,197	96,566	$\frac{(71,828)}{(71,828)}$	18,877,935
Loop Accumulated Danus intim for				<u> </u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements	2 907 001	100 241		2 000 100
Equipment	2,896,081	192,341	_	3,088,422
Vehicles	3,675,657	349,911	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,025,568
	3,728,562	214,064	(71,828)	3,870,798
Total Accumulated Depreciation	10,300,300	756,316	(71,828)	10,984,788
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	8,552,897	(659,750)	He .	7,893,147
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 30,309,520	\$ 10,846,960	\$ (1,870)	\$41,154,610
Business-Type Activities				
Capital Assets:				
Construction in Process	\$ 759,805	\$ 1,708,972	\$ -	\$ 2,468,777
Buildings	1,728,589	The Control of the Co		1,728,589
Treatment Facility	30,718,333	752,511		31,470,844
Equipment	1,866,277	***	•••	1,866,277
Vehicles	1,222,889	100,266	(63,084)	1,260,071
Total Capital Assets	36,295,893	2,561,749	(63,084)	38,794,558
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	1,639,713	8,099	•	1,647,812
Treatment Facility	17,575,741	527,697		18,103,438
Equipment	1,388,032	100,077	-	1,488,109
Vehicles	1,164,606	27,833	(63,084)	1,129,355
Total Accumulated Depreciation	21,768,092	663,706	(63,084)	22,368,714
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 14,527,801	\$ 1,898,043	\$ -	\$ 16,425,844

NOTE 11. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charge to the various functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 198,222
Public Safety	441,726
Public Works	116,368
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 756,316
Business-Type Activities:	
Wastewater Treatment Plant	\$ 575,315
Sewer System Fund	88,391
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 663,706

NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS

A commitment under a lease agreement for the wastewater treatment plant provides for minimum annual rental payments as follows:

Year Ending April 30.	<u>Land</u> acilities
2011	\$ 5,525
2012	5,525
2013	 4,150
Total	\$ 15,200

NOTE 13. CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

During the year ended April 30, 2007, the City issued two Industrial Project Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. The bonds for the two projects are \$1,800,000 and \$2,650,000 respectively. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private sector entities served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

During the year ended April 30, 2006, the City issued \$1,000,000 of Industrial Project Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to a private-sector entity for the acquisition and construction of facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, these bonds are also not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 14. LONG-TERM DEBT

The City was awarded a \$3,558,682 loan in July 1990 through the State of Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund. This loan financed a program of rehabilitation of Nameoki Area Sewers by means of cured-in-place linings inserted into sewer lines which were identified as being routinely below the water table and susceptible to infiltration and collapse. Payments are due semiannually on February 1 and August 1 through February 2012, including interest at 3.745%. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2010 is \$487,555.

The City was awarded a second loan of \$3,938,240 through the State of Illinois Environment Protection Agency Bureau of Water in August 2003. This loan financed the upgrade of the City's Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities. Payments are due semiannually on January 27 and July 27 through January 2025, including interest at 2.50%. As of April 30, 2010, the balance outstanding on the loan was \$3,209,717.

The City was awarded a third loan of \$1,660,939 through the State of Illinois Environment Protection Agency Bureau of Water in October 2008. As of April 30, 2010, the City borrowed \$1,030,264 on this loan for manhole and sewer projects. The projects are still in process as of April 30, 2010. Payments are due semiannually on March 1 and September 1 through September 2029, including interest at 2.50%. As of April 30, 2010, the balance outstanding on the loan was \$1,030,264.

The City entered into a lease purchase agreement with the Bank of Edwardsville for an ambulance in December 2007. The agreement was for \$97,500 and is to be repaid in 3 installments of \$32,500 plus interest at 4.74%. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2010 is \$-0-.

The City entered into a loan with the Illinois Department of Transportation (IDOT) to construct rail track in the new industrial park in May 1999. The loan of \$725,914 is to be repaid by twenty annual installments through May 24, 2019. The annual installments, including interest at 3.00%, are \$48,793. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2010 is \$416,213.

The City entered into a loan with Ford Motor Credit to purchase two police vehicles in January 2009. The loan of \$103,942 is to be repaid in three annual installments through January 2010. The annual installments, including interest at 5.60%, are \$36,551. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2010 is \$-0-.

The City entered into a loan with Ford Motor Credit to purchase a two police vehicles in October 2008. The loan of \$55,077 is to be repaid in three annual installments through October 2010. The annual installments, including interest at 7.05%, are \$19,491. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2010 is \$18,337.

The City entered into a loan with Ford Motor Credit to purchase two police vehicles January 2009. The Ioan of \$53,459 is to be repaid in three annual installments through January 2011. The annual installments, including interest at 7.05%, are \$19,046. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2010 is \$17,793.

The City entered into a loan with Madison County Community Development to purchase fire truck in December 2008. The loan of \$297,007 is to be repaid in five annual installments through December 2013. The annual installments, including interest at 3.00%, are \$64,853. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2010 is \$241,064.

The City entered into a lease purchase agreement with Marquette Bank – Government Capital Corp to purchase a law enforcement computer system in June 2008. The loan of \$297,204 is to be repaid in five annual installments through July 2012. The annual installments, including interest at 5.0%, are \$65,372. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2010 is \$178,040.

The City entered into a lease purchase with Caterpillar Financial to purchase a paver, trailer and drum compactor for the Public Works Department in June 2006. The loan of \$318,208 is to be repaid in seven annual installments through June 2012. The annual installments, including interest at 5.385%, are \$52,914. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2010 is \$143,060.

NOTE 14. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The City entered into a loan with Kansas State Bank to purchase a Mack truck in November 2009. The loan of \$85,095 is to be repaid in three annual installments through November 2011, with the first installment due at signing. The annual installments, including interest at 4.00%, are \$29,484. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2010 is \$56,279.

The City issued Local Government Program Revenue Bonds in September 2008. The bonds, totaling \$9,780,000 are payable from the incremental taxes of the Downtown Tax Increment Financing District (TIF 1). The bonds bear interest of between 4.5% and 7.0% and mature in varying amounts from 2009 to 2022. The proceeds of the bond are to be used to finance redevelopment projects in the Downtown Tax Increment Financing District including renovations of the police and fire department, improvements to the youth center and YMCA and construction of a movie theater. The balance of the bonds at April 30, 2010 is \$9,495,000.

The City issued Southwestern Illinois Development Authority Local Government Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 (City of Granite City Project) in May 2009. The bonds, totaling \$3,640,000 are payable from the incremental taxes of the Route 3 Corridor Tax Increment Financing District (TIF 4). The bonds bear interest of 8.00% and mature in varying amounts from 2009 to 2019. The proceeds of the bond are to be used to finance redevelopment projects in the Route 3 Corridor Industrial Park Conservation Area including construction of commercial and retail development including a Lowe's Home Improvement store along with eight outlots. The balance of the bonds at April 30, 2010 is \$3,395,000.

The City issued Southwestern Illinois Development Authority Local Government Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2009-B (City of Granite City Project) in December 2009. The bonds, totaling \$3,805,000 are payable from the incremental taxes of the Route 3 Corridor Tax Increment Financing District (TIF 4). The bonds bear interest of 7.75% and mature in varying amounts from 2010 to 2022. The proceeds of the bond are to be used to finance redevelopment projects in the Route 3 Corridor Industrial Park Conservation Area including construction of water and sewer improvements, the construction of street improvements and related costs. The balance of the bonds at April 30, 2010 is \$3,805,000.

The City issued Local Government Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2009-A in December 2009. The bonds, totaling \$4,210,000 are payable from the incremental taxes of the Route 203 Tax Increment Financing District (TIF 7). The bonds bear interest of 7.75% and mature in varying amounts from 2010 to 2022. The proceeds of the bond are to be used to finance redevelopment projects in the Route 203 Redevelopment Project Area including construction of street improvements and related costs. The balance of the bonds at April 30, 2010 is \$4,210,000.

The annual requirements to retire the notes payable as of April 30, 2010 are as follows:

<u>Fiscal</u> <u>Year Ended</u>		tal Activities	Business-Type Activities				
April 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest			
2011	\$ 764,140	\$ 1,573,509	\$ 449,031	\$ 111,381			
2012	1,144,811	1,516,907	514,389	96,026			
2013	1,268,270	1,443,870	241,738	83,897			
2014	1,278,826	1,361,594	246,522	79,112			
2015	1,598,460	1,288,333	251,428	74,206			
2016-2020	9,885,000	4,462,266	1,335,155	293,016			
2021-2025	5,980,000	866,214	1,437,984	150,484			
2026-2030	**	**	257,568	70,000			
	\$ 21,919,507	\$ 12,512,693	\$ 4,733,815	\$ 958,122			

NOTE 14. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended April 30, 2010:

Government Activities: Bond Payable:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year		
Tax Increment Revenue Bonds Series 2008 Tax Increment Revenue	\$ 9,780,000	\$ -	\$ 285,000	\$ 9,495,000	\$ 320,000		
Bonds Series 2009-C Tax Increment Revenue	w-	3,640,000	245,000	3,395,000	175,000		
Bonds Series 2009-B	én	3,805,000	-	3,805,000			
Tax Increment Revenue Bonds Series 2009-A		4.010.000					
Less Deferred Amounts:	-	4,210,000	-	4,210,000	-		
For Issuance Discounts	(200,304)	(346,572)	27,014	(519,862)	(46,060)		
Total Bond Payable	9,579,696	11,308,428	557,014	20,385,138	<u>(46,969)</u> 448,031		
Notes Payable:	. , ,	, 5 5 5 , 1	337,024	20,363,136	440,031		
Ford Motor Credit	104,612	_	68,482	36,130	36,130		
IL Dept of Transportation	451,462		35,249	416,213	73,702		
Caterpillar Financial	185,960	-	42,900	143,060	45,210		
Bank of Edwardsville	32,500	-	32,500	- 1.5,000	15,210		
Marquette Bank	231,832	-	53,792	178,040	56,479		
Madison County	297,007	w-	55,943	241,064	57,621		
Total Long-Term Liabilities	10,883,069	11,308,428	845,880	21,399,645	717,173		
Other Liabilities:		•					
Net Pension Obligation	7,419,538	3,218,772		10 620 210			
Compensated Absences	2,823,565	1,044,076	1,015,379	10,638,310 2,852,262	501 305		
Total Other Liabilities	10,243,103	4,262,848	1,015,379	13,490,572	591,195 591,195		
Governmental Activities							
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 21,126,172	\$ 15,571,276	\$ 1,861,259	\$ 34,890,217	\$ 1,308,368		
Business-Type Activities: Notes Payable:							
IL EPA (1)	\$ 718,097	\$ -	\$ 230,542	\$ 487,555	\$ 239,255		
IL EPA (2)	3,386,278	_	176,561	3,209,717	181,003		
IL EPA (3)	-	1,030,264	-	1,030,264	51,513		
Kansas State Bank		85,095	28,816	56,279	27,260		
Total Notes Payable	4,104,375	1,115,359	435,919	4,783,815	499,031		
Other Liabilities:							
Compensated Absences	286,825	160,181	166,201	280,805	95,605		
Business-Type Activities							
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 4,391,200	\$ 1,275,540	\$ 602,120	\$ 5,064,620	\$ 594,636		

NOTE 15. DEFICIT NET ASSETS

The City has deficit net assets in the Capital Projects Fund as of April 30, 2010 of \$21,277.

NOTE 16. LEASE REVENUE

The City of Granite City leases certain properties to area businesses. These leases are non-cancelable operating leases. A summary of the leases is as follows:

Location	Current Annual Payment		Expiration (Including Extensions)
2679 Missouri Ave	\$	12,000	November 2028
Iowa & 24th Street		3,900	September 2010
2001 Madison Avenue		226,600	January 2060
Signage		1,600	June 2011

Minimum rentals on non-cancelable leases for the next five years are as follows:

Year	<u>Amount</u>
2011	\$ 241,825
2012	238,600
2013	238,600
2014	238,600
2015	238,600
Thereafter	10,302,350
Total	\$ 11,498,575

NOTE 16. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In November 2010, the City issued Local Government Program Revenue Bonds totaling \$3,485,000. The bonds are payable from the rates charged to the regional participants of the regional sanitary sewer system, bear interest between 2.0% and 4.2% and mature in varying amounts from 2011 to 2030.

The proceeds of the bond are to be used to finance the acquisition and construction of extensions, improvements, and additions to the sewer system, including but not limited to the construction of improvements to the wastewater treatment plant, and including related restoration, electrical, mechanical, and other services necessary, useful, or advisable to the acquisition and construction program.

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (BUDGETARY BASIS) - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2010

	Dodooto	J. A		Variance		
	Original	<u>l Amounts</u> Final	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Favorable (Unfavorable)		
	Ongains	HILL	(Duagetaly Dasis)	(Ciliavorable)		
Receipts:						
Taxes	\$ 17,556,881	\$ 17,556,881	\$ 16,624,087	\$ (932,794)		
Intergovernmental Revenue (Grants)	1,553,850	1,553,850	1,378,228	(175,622)		
Charges for Services	2,279,700	2,279,700	2,738,676	458,976		
Licenses and Permits	889,900	889,900	590,279	(299,621)		
Fines and Forfeits	254,400	254,400	163,660	(90,740)		
Investment Earnings	209,500	209,500	203,781	(5,719)		
Miscellaneous	116,600	116,600	203,882	87,282		
Total Receipts	22,860,831	22,860,831	21,902,593	(958,238)		
Disbursements						
Mayor	753,933	753,933	670,722	83,211		
Alderman	142,233	142,233	129,704	12,529		
Clerk	284,542	284,542	302,744	(18,202)		
Treasurer	267,638	267,638	287,548	(19,910)		
Informational Technology	252,424	252,424	271,901	(19,477)		
Financial	2,429,282	2,429,282	1,569,080	860,202		
Police	7,144,933	7,144,933	7,140,898	4,035		
Fire	6,315,365	6,315,365	6,229,827	85,538		
Public Works	4,009,530	4,009,530	3,900,490	109,040		
Building & Zoning	992,518	992,518	1,028,415	(35,897)		
Safety and Risk	143,582	143,582	169,526	•		
Civil Defense	51,809	51,809	43,071	(25,944)		
Summer Help	53,825	53,825	78,731	8,738		
Total Disbursements	22,841,614	22,841,614	21,822,657	<u>(24,906)</u> 1,018,957		
i otai Disoursements	22,041,014	22,841,014	21,822,037	1,010,937		
Excess (Deficit) of Receipts over Disbursements	19,217	19,217	79,936	60,719		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating Transfers In (Out)	_	-	(718,452)	(718,452)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	_	(718,452)	(718,452)		
Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Disbursements and Other						
Financing Uses	\$ 19,217	\$ 19,217	(638,516)	\$ (657,733)		
Change in Intergovernmental Revenue on	Modified Accrual	Basis	296,644			
Change in Prepaid Insurance			63,830			
Change in Interest Receivable	(4,965)					
Change in Accrued Employee Obligations	(880,409)					
Change in Accounts Payable on Modified			(494,045)			
As Reported on the Statement of Revenue	s Expenditures					
and Changes in Fund Balance	s, Expenditures		\$ (1,657,461)			

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (BUDGETARY BASIS) MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2010

		d Amounts	Actual	Variance Favorable	
	<u>Original</u>	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	(Unfavorable)	
Receipts:					
Intergovernmental:					
Motor Fuel Tax	\$ 870,000	\$ 870,000	\$ 784,554	\$ (85,446)	
Grants	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,853,369	853,369	
Investment Earnings	23,000	23,000	20,285	(2,715)	
Total Receipts	5,893,000	5,893,000	6,658,208	\$ 765,208	
Disbursements					
Maintenance	400,000	400,000	599,419	(199,419)	
Street Overlay Program	275,000	275,000	187,477	87,523	
Engineering	25,000	25,000	23,404	1,596	
Other Capital Projects	, -	***	379,033	(379,033)	
Pontoon Overpass	5,100,000	5,100,000	5,108,151	(8,151)	
Total Disbursements	5,800,000	5,800,000	6,297,484	(497,484)	
Excess (Deficit) of Receipts Over Disbursements	\$ 93,000	\$ 93,000	360,724	\$ 267,724	
Change in Motor Fuel Tax Receivable on	Modified Accrual	Basis	5,392		
Change in Grant Receivable on Modified			770,090		
Change in Interest Receivable			(606)		
Change in Accounts Payable on Modified	Accrual Basis		(779,763)		
As Reported on the Statement of Revenues	s, Expenditures				
and Changes in Fund Balance	\$ 355,837				

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (BUDGETARY BASIS) TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2010

	~ .	* .		Variance		
		1 Amounts	Actual	Favorable		
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	(Budgetary Basis)	(Unfavorable)		
Receipts:						
Real Estate Taxes - Downtown	\$ 1,115,000	\$ 1,115,000	\$ 1,184,663	\$ 69,663		
Real Estate Taxes - GCS	925,000	925,000	952,549	27,549		
Real Estate Taxes - AS	125,000	125,000	126,507	1,507		
Real Estate Taxes - Rt 3	1,128,500	1,128,500	1,147,028	18,528		
Real Estate Taxes - Nameoki	н-		208,243	208,243		
Real Estate Taxes - Port	28,000	28,000	36,907	8,907		
Real Estate Taxes - Rt 203	2,500	2,500	986	(1,514)		
Sales Taxes	120,000	120,000	114,603	(5,397)		
Rent	226,600	226,600	226,600	(3,391)		
Grant	700,000	700,000	674,247	(25,753)		
Investment Earnings	93,600	93,600	41,539	(52,061)		
Other	29,000	29,000	7,332	(21,668)		
Total Receipts	4,493,200	4,493,200	4,721,204	228,004		
rotal recorpts	4,475,200	4,473,200	4,721,204	228,004		
Disbursements						
Downtown TIF	6,290,000	6,290,000	5,259,036	1,030,964		
Granite City Steel TIF	925,000	925,000	952,514	(27,514)		
American Steel TIF	125,000	125,000	126,502	(1,502)		
Route 3 TIF	1,165,500	1,165,500	8,158,135	(6,992,635)		
Nameoki Village TIF	140,000	140,000	315,072	(175,072)		
Port District TIF	28,000	28,000	668	27,332		
Route 203 TIF	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,506,747	(106,747)		
Total Disbursements	10,073,500	10,073,500	16,318,674	(6,245,174)		
				(0,2.10,2.7.1)		
Excess (Deficit) of Receipts Over Disbursements	(5,580,300)	(5,580,300)	(11,597,470)	(6,017,170)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds From Borrowings	<u>.</u>	_	11,655,000	(11,655,000)		
Repayment of Borrowings	_	_	(530,000)	(530,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			11,125,000	(12,185,000)		
Total Outer I manering Sources (OSOS)	**************************************	***************************************	11,123,000	(12,163,000)		
Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing						
Sources Over (Under) Disbursements and Other						
Financing Uses	\$ (5,580,300)	\$ (5,580,300)	(472,470)	\$ (18,202,170)		
			(1,2,1,0)	ψ (10,202,170 <i>)</i>		
Change in Revenue on Modified Accrual	Basis		(2,898)			
Change in Accounts Payable on Modified	Accrual Basis		(688,414)	•		
Change in Interest Receivable			(2,518)			
Change in Real Estate Investment			268,213			
-		-	3—			
As Reported on the Statement of Revenues	s, Expenditures					
and Changes in Fund Balance			\$ (898,087)			

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS EMPLOYER NUMBER - 03353R REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FIRE AND POLICE PENSION FUNDING PROGRESS APRIL 30, 2010

Actuarial Valuation Date		Actuarial Value of Assets (a)		uarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entriy Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)		Covered Payroll (c.)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
Police Pension									
04/30/09 04/30/08 04/30/07	\$	12,632,001 15,670,001 16,827,903	\$	40,991,744 39,273,366 37,715,990	\$ 28,359,743 23,603,365 20,888,087	30.82% 39.90% 44.62%	\$	3,470,340 3,328,974 2,961,777	817.20% 709.03% 705.26%
				Fi	re Pension				
04/30/09 04/30/08 04/30/07	\$	15,346,426 18,735,007 19,072,129	\$	45,449,959 43,281,975 39,539,794	\$ 30,103,533 24,546,968 20,467,665	33.77% 43.29% 48.24%	\$	3,597,302 3,493,965 3,126,964	836.84% 702.55% 654.55%

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS EMPLOYER NUMBER - 03353R REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUNDING PROGRESS APRIL 30, 2010

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	uarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Ē	unded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c.)	<u>Pe</u>	AAL as a ercentage f Covered Payroll (b-a)/c)
12/31/09 12/31/08 12/31/07	\$ 13,751,316 13,407,584 16,217,347	\$ 17,442,056 16,190,503 15,472,923	\$ 3,690,740 2,782,919 (744,424)	82	3.84% 2.81% 4.81%	\$ 5,878,221 5,870,847 5,449,581		62.79% 47.40% 0.00%

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2009 is \$13,269,245. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 76.08%.

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
APRIL 30, 2010

	- 1	Special Revenue Funds	nds				Total
	Drug Traffic	Community		Capital		ğ ç	Non-Major Governmental
ASSETS	Prevention	Development	Total	Projects	Debt Service		Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 148,075	₩	\$ 148,075	\$ 12,503	, ⇔	\$	160,578
Investments Receivables:	80,000	ı	80,000	e	1		80,000
Intergovernmental	r	49,893	49,893	f	ŧ		49,893
Other	r		š	23	1		23
Due From Other Funds	And the second s	1	1	10,484	ı		10,484
Total Assets	\$ 228,075	\$ 49,893	\$ 277,968	\$ 23,010	\$	S	300,978
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	3,034	ľ	3,034	F	ŧ		3.034
Due to Other Funds	49,683	49,893	99,576	44,287	ı		143,863
Total Liabilities	52,717	49,893	102,610	44,287			146,897
Fund Balances:							
Unreserved	175,358	A STREET, SALES	175,358	(21,277)	-		154,081
Total Fund Balances	175,358		175,358	(21,277)			154,081
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 228,075	\$ 49,893	\$ 277,968	\$ 23,010	\$	\$	300,978

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2010

	Sp	Special Revenue Funds				Total	
	Drug Traffic Prevention	Community Development	Total	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues:		- Vulninda haranana pradi	anaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa	The same of the sa		STATE OF	
Intergovernmental	\$ 425,772	\$ 384,280	\$ 810,052	€6)	.; €⁄?	\$ 810.052	~
Fines and Forfeitures	23,399	ī	23,399	1	r		. ~
Investment Earnings	365	ľ	365	127	ı	492	. ~
Miscellaneous	3,782	•	3,782	£	\$	3.782	. ~
Total Revenues	453,318	384,280	837,598	127	The state of the s	837,725	اما
Expenditures:							
Public Safety	380,602	107,996	488,598	F	\$	488,598	~
Public Works	1	276,284	276,284	t	ř	276,284	weeke
Debt Service	ľ	ì	r	i	324,744	324,744	
Total Expenditures	380,602	384,280	764,882		324,744	1,089,626	ا ما
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	72,716	Ł	72,716	127	(324,744)	(251,901)	\neg
Other Financing Sources: Operating Transfer In	1		ı	1	324,744	324.744	
Total other Financing Sources	74	1	***	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	324,744	324,744	1_1
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures							
and Other Financing	72,716	1	72,716	127	f	72,843	
Fund Balances - Beginning	102,642	E. Thirthe and the state of the	102,642	(21,404)	2	81,238	. 1
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 175,358	\$	\$ 175,358	\$ (21,277)	€	\$ 154,081	11

CITY OF GRAFTON, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2010

Business 1	ype	Activities	
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	Enterp	rise Funds	
	Waterwater	Sewer	 Total
	Treatment	System	Enterprise
	<u>Plant</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 5,055,197	\$ 2,305,916	\$ 7,361,113
Total Revenues	5,055,197	2,305,916	7,361,113
Operating Expenses:			
Personal Services	2,589,405	-	2,589,405
Industrial Pretreatment	-	86,061	86,061
Billings and Collection	41,936	114,148	156,084
Sewer Collection	-	611,280	611,280
Solids Handling	620,587	-	620,587
BOD Treatment	295,865	-	295,865
Primary Treatment	32,232	-	32,232
General and Administrative	201,674	-	201,674
Dry Weather Pumping	195,231	-	195,231
Wet Weather Pumping	124,342	-	124,342
Other	45,116	-	45,116
Depreciation	575,315	88,391	663,706
Total Operating Expenses	4,721,703	899,880	5,621,583
Operating Income	333,494	1,406,036	1,739,530
Non-Operating Reveneus (Expenses):			
Investment Earnings	18,458	16,653	35,111
Grant Income	-	424,525	424,525
Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges	(109,272)	-	(109,272)
Operating Transfers From (To) Other Funds	-	491,294	491,294
Total Non-Operating Reveneues (Expenses)	(90,814)	932,472	841,658
Change in Net Assets	242,680	2,338,508	2,581,188
Net Assets - Beginning	10,582,542	4,248,062	14,830,604
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 10,825,222	\$ 6,586,570	\$ 17,411,792

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS APRIL 30, 2010

		Pension T	rust F	unds		
	Po	lice		<u>Firemen</u>		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	529,261	\$	743,563	\$	1,272,824
Investments and Certificates of Deposits	13	,807,352		15,470,694		29,278,046
Receivables:						
Property Taxes		294,393		493,510		787,903
Accrued Interest		63,597		65,891		129,488
Total Assets	14	,694,603		16,773,658		31,468,261
LIABILITIES						
Liabilities		50		-		50
Total Liabilities		50		P+		50
NET ASSETS						
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits						
and Other Purposes	\$ 14	,694,553	\$	16,773,658	_\$	31,468,211

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2010

	.]	Pension T	rust F	unds		
	<u>Po</u>	<u>lice</u>		Firemen		<u>Total</u>
Additions						
Contributions:						
Employee Contributions	\$ 3	09,473	\$	358,250	\$	667,723
Employer Contributions:						
Property Taxes	2	91,365		488,431		779,796
Replacement Taxes	3	45,002		369,874		714,876
Total Contributions	9	45,840	***************************************	1,216,555		2,162,395
Investment Income:						
Interest and Dividends	3	59,834		382,513		742,347
Net Realized/Unrealized Gain(Loss) on Investments		07,305		2,074,336		4,281,641
	2,5	67,139	***************************************	2,456,849		5,023,988
Less: Investment Expense	(35,434)		(64,964)		(100,398)
Total Investment Income		31,705	***************************************	2,391,885		4,923,590
Total Additions	3,4	77,545		3,608,440		7,085,985
Deductions:						
Benefit Payments	2,0	03,751		2,344,581		4,348,332
Contractual Services		37,437		21,032		58,469
Total Deductions	2,0	41,188		2,365,613		4,406,801
Change in Net Assets	1,4	36,357		1,242,827		2,679,184
Net Assets - Beginning	13,2:	58,196	1	5,530,831	2	28,789,027
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 14,69	94,553	\$ 1	6,773,658	<u>\$ 3</u>	1,468,211

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUNDS APRIL 30, 2010

	- Eto		\$ 539,267	7,296,367	4,043,226	331,136	50,231	1.564	2,760	2.667,631	1.529,616	16,461,798			1,451,232	15,240	2,760		35,381	4,043,226	5,547,839			3.073.334	4,223,033	3 617 592	10,913,959	\$16,461,798
ŀ	Debt Service		· 59	3,073,334	•	1	1	•	r	t	•	3,073,334			,	i	t		•	**	E E			3.073,334		,	3,073,334	\$ 3,073,334
	Total	1	\$ 539,267	4,223,033	4,043,226	331,136	50,231	1,564	2,760	2,667,631	1,529,616	13,388,464		6 6 1	1,451,232	15,240	2,760		35,381	4,043,226	5,547,839			E	4,223,033	3,617,592	7,840,625	\$13,388,464
	TIF District #7		\$ (177,468)	2,517,679	280,637	301,320	ı	ı	ŧ	I	Ř	2,922,168		i i	47,356	i	ı		;	280,637	327,993			ı	2,517,679	76.496	2,594,175	2,922,168
	TIF District #6		\$ 38,662	r	94,381	1	f	69	1	ì	1	133,112			•	1	ŗ		1	94,381	94,381			ř	ŧ	38,731	38,731	133,112
	TIF District #5		\$ 4,260	¥	213,961	29,816	1	∞	2,760	ı	r	250,805			ı		2,760			213,961	216,721			•	•	34,084	34,084	\$ 250,805
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	TIE District #4		\$ 823,035	152,784	1,153,546	r	1	1,487	1	1	76,887	2,207,739		070 002	202,960	12,480	k		1 (1,153,546	1,668,986			,	152,784	385,969	538,753	\$ 2,207,739
	TIF District#3		\$ 353	1	978,705	ı	r	5	t	1	r	979,058				•	F		a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	978,705	978,705			,	P	353	353	\$ 979,058
	TIF District #2		\$ 125,112	•	129,980	F	1	ı	r	1	Ŀ	255,092			E	E	t		: 000	129,980	129,980			ż	r	125,112	125,112	\$ 255,092
	TIF District #1		\$ (274,687)	1,552,570	1,192,016	1	50,231	1	,	2,667,631	1,452,729	6,640,490		910 000	016,000	7,760	•	100 30	35,381	1,192,016	2,131,073			Ī	1,552,570	2,956,847	4,509,417	\$ 6,640,490
		Assets	ash	cestricted investments ceceivables:	Property Taxes	Intergovernmental Receivable	Development Loans	Accrued Interest	Oue from Other Funds	dental Real Estate Investment	Jeneral Real Estate Investment	Total Assets	Liabilities and Fund Balance	Accounts Davable	See 4- Ode - Fee for	Jue to Other Funds	Due to Other Covernments Deferred Revenues:	Cash on Cale of Bearing.	Description Sale of Property	Froperty laxes	lotal Liabilities	nd Balance:	stricted:	Restricted for Debt Service	Resticted for Redevelopment reserved:	Designated for Redevelopment	Total Fund Balance	tal Liabilities and Fund Balance

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2010

tiannec	TIF District#1	TIF District #2	TIF District#3	TIF District #4	TIF District #5	TIF District #6	TIF District #7	Total	TIF Debt <u>Service</u>	Total
Troperty Taxes	\$ 1,184,663	\$ 126,507	\$ 952,549	\$ 1,147,028	\$ 208,243	\$ 36,907	986 \$	\$ 3,656,883		\$ 3,656,883
netgovermental nvestment Earnings	5,690		; (29.440	308	, 88	6/4,24/	788,850	5 1	788,850
Aiscellaneous	229,367	*	r	1,667	1	, ,	,	231,034	•	231.034
Total Revenues	1,419,720	126,507	952,549	1,178,135	323,154	37,095	678,628	4,715,788		4,715,788
<u>penditures:</u> Jeneral Government	457.836	126 502	952 514	648 862	315 073	ı	,	201 002 6		701.003.6
blic Works	1	w 2 / f 2 / w 1		**************************************	1 1	•	,	2,200,700	•	2,200,780
Oebt Service - Interest	1	1	1	4	ŧ			. 1	1 014 802	1.014.802
Jebt Service - Principal	ş	•	*	*	İ	1	ı	i	530,000	530,000
3ond Issuance Costs	ı	1	1	200,364	*	r	111,587	311,951		311,951
Sond Administration Costs	1	£	ř	•	ř	1	1	f	7,300	7,300
Japital Outlay	4,037,278	-	•	7,200,000	*	899	1,221,932	12,459,878	•	12,459,878
Total Expenditures	4,495,114	126,502	952,514	8,049,226	315,072	899	1,333,519	15,272,615	1,552,102	16,824,717
cess of Revenues over Expenditures	(3,075,394)	\$	35	(6,871,091)	8,082	36,427	(654,891)	(10,556,827)	(1,552,102)	(12,108,929)
her Financing Sources (Uses): oceeds From Botrowings		ı	ı	7,445,000	ı	ī	4,210,000	11,655,000	,	11,655,000
and Discount	\$	•	1	(275,002)	1	1	(71,570)	(346,572)	1	(346,572)
serating Transfers From (To) other Funds	(954,557)	*	E	(1,449,034)	*	-	(883,341)	(3,286,932)	3,189,346	(97,586)
tal Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(954,557)	•	\$	5,720,964	â	T To a second se	3,255,089	8,021,496	3,189,346	11,210,842
cess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and										
Other Fmancing Uses	(4,029,951)	\$	35	(1,150,127)	8,082	36,427	2,600,198	(2,535,331)	1,637,244	(898,087)
nd Balance - Begiuning	8,539,368	125,107	318	1,688,880	26,002	2,304	(6,023)	10,375,956	1,436,090	11,812,046
nd Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ 4,509,417	\$ 125,112	\$ 353	\$ 538,753	\$ 34,084	\$ 38,731	\$ 2,594,175	\$ 7,840,625	\$ 3,073,334	\$10,913,959

Hughes & Associates

Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH TAX INCREMENT FINANCING ACT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of Granite City, Illinois

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Granite City, Illinois for the year ended April 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2010. The financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Granite City, Illinois' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit.

Our audit was made in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The management of the City of Granite City, Illinois is responsible for the government's compliance with laws and regulations. In connection with our audit, referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the government's compliance with State of Illinois Public Act 85-1142, "An Act in Relation to Tax Increment Financing".

The results of our tests indicate that for the items tested, the City of Granite City, Illinois, complied with Subsection (q) of Section 11-74.4-3 of Public Act 85-1142. Nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that, for the items not tested, the City of Granite City, Illinois was not in compliance with Subsection (q) of Section 11-74.4-3 of Public Act 85-1142.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the organization, the City Council and the Illinois Department of Revenue and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Hughes & Associates, CPA, P.C.

Hughes + associatio, CPA, P.C.

November 30, 2010

Hughes & Associates

Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of Granite City, Illinois

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Granite City, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Granite City, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the City of Granite City, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Granite City, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Granite City, Illinois' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain other matters that we reported to management of the City of Granite City, Illinois in a separate letter dated November 30, 2010.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Village Council, the Mayor, the management and federal awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Hughes + associatio, CPA, P.C.

Hughes & Associates, CPA, P.C. Godfrey, Illinois November 30, 2010

Hughes & Associates

Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of Granite City, Illinois

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Granite City, Illinois, with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended April 30, 2010. The City of Granite City, Illinois' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City of Granite City, Illinois' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Granite City, Illinois' compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those Standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Granite City, Illinois' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Granite City, Illinois' compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Granite City, Illinois, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended April 30, 2010.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Granite City, Illinois, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Granite City, Illinois' internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Granite City, Illinois' internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we would consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended for the information and use of the City Council, the Mayor, management and federal awarding agencies and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Hughes + associatios, CPA, P.C.

Hughes & Associates, CPA, P.C. Godfrey, Illinois November 30, 2010

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2010

Federal Grantor and Program Title	Federal CFDA Number		Pass-Through Grantor Number	<u>Federal</u> <u>Expenditures</u>
Department of Justice				
Direct Programs:				
Equitable Sharing of Federally Forfeited Property Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grant	16.XXX	N/A		154,502
COPS Hiring Recovery Program Grant Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grant	16.710	2009RKWX0333		128,596
COPS Secure Our Schools (SOS) Grant	16.710	2008CKWX0656		202,279
Total Department of Justice Direct Programs				485,377
Department of Homeland Security				
Direct Programs:				
Assistance to Firefighters Grant (SAFER)	97.044	EMW-2006-FF-04605	4	55,890
Assistance to Firefighters Grant Program	97.044	EMW-2008-FO-04034		15,827
Total Direct Programs				71,717
Pass-through Program From Illinois Emergency Management Agency				— —
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	N/A	1771-119-03926-00	318,646
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	N/A		12,684
Total Pass-through Programs				331,330
Total Department of Homeland Security				403,047
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			,	\$ 888,424

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2010

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Granite City, Illinois and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Noncash Assistance, Federal Insurance and Loans/Loan Guarantees

The City did not receive any noncash assistance, federal guaranteed loans or federal insurance for any of its programs for the year ended April 30, 2010.

NOTE 2. INSURANCE

The City of Granite City had no insurance specifically required by federal awards.

NOTE 3. SUBRECIPIENTS

The City did not pass through any federal funds to subrecipients during the year ended April 30, 2010.

<u>CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS</u> <u>SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS</u> APRIL 30, 2010

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- a. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of the City.
- b. No material weaknesses in internal control were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements of the City.
- No significant deficiencies in internal control were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements of the City.
- No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statement of the City were disclosed during the audit.
- e. No reportable conditions in internal control over major federal award programs were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements of the City.
- f. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the City expresses an unqualified opinion on all major federal programs.
- g. The audit did not disclose any audit findings that are required to be reported under Section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-133.
- h. The City's program tested as a major program is the Disaster Grant Public Assistance CFDA #97.036 and Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants CFDA #16.710.
- i. The threshold for distinguishing between Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.
- j. The City does not qualify as a low-risk auditee under Section .530 of OMB Circular A-133.

2. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

The City has no findings to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

The City has no findings or questioned costs for Federal award programs.